CANNOT INTERFERE.

for Mrs. Maybrick's Pardon-Hor Re-

ply to a Petition of Over 1,000

American Women.

ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.

Among the names that appear on

petition are those of Pauline Hall, Sylvia Gerrish and Blanche Roberts, Mrs. Octavia Hadding, of Washington, Miss Jennie E. Gale, of Guillord, Conn., and Mrs. Emma

HIS NAME WAS SMITH.

Burrows.

ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH,

who was being pursued on the supposition

a Winchester rifle loafing in the woods

about his house. He reported the matter to

party of friends started out to capture him.

ments, but exclaimed as the party gathered

about him: "You think you have killed

in the neighborhood, think the man was

really Rube Burrows, but they cannot es-

SMALL RIOT AT THE POINT.

Five Hundred People Interfere and Aid i

Prisoner to Escape.

The excitable denizens of the classic region

known as the Point turned out en masse

last night and made things lively for a

having an interesting physical argument at

the corner of Penn avenue and Fort street

with a man whose name could not be

learned, when Officer Pat Farrell hove in

sight and stopped the tun by placing Mad-den under arrest. Madden vigorously ob-

jected, and four more of Brown's finest were needed to get him to the patrol

getting the prisoner to the box, and while Officer Farrell was summoning the wagon, Madden suddenly tripped the officer who was holding him, and made the

proverbial dash for liberty. There were about

500 persons gathered to watch the arrest,

and when the prisoner started to run they

put themselves in the officers' way and re-tarded their movements considerably, all

for a while, but soon quieted down.

A BROTHER'S MAGNANIMITY.

He Gives Up His Fortune for the Sake of

n Forger.

AMSTERDAM, N. Y., November 16.-

them is a criminal, a forger for immense

rothers are Daniel and John Carmichael.

His attorneys said that his personal lia-

bilities were not more than \$30,000. Other liabilities, to the extent of \$115,000 were as-

sumed by him when his brother Daniel, the

located opposite that of Mr. Jiles, and that adjoining it were to be robbed by the gang,

Wednesday of John Carmichael.

case was

the assignment

When they finally succeeded in

tablish his identity.

When they came in sight of the outlaw and

## WILL BE IN ACCORD.

Austria and Russia Will Not Quarrel About Bulgaria.

THE CZAR'S POWERS EXTENDED

What the Mutual Visits of the Great European Rulers Meant.

THE PRICE OF ITALY'S ADHESION.

Gassip of the German Capital and the Empires of the Eastern Bemisphere.

Bismarck's diplomacy will probably result in the reinstatement of Russian control of Bulgaria. The price which Italy will demand will be the cession of Trentino. There is an uneasy feeling, despite the seeming acquiescence of the great powers in the semi-treaty, because it is not a treaty that is ratified. The gossip of Berlin is readable, if not startling.

#### (COPYRIGHT, 1899, BY THE NEW YORK ASSOCIATED

BERLIN, November 16,-The developments of Prince Bismarck's diplomacy promise to result in permanent accord be tween Austria and Russia. The Czar's visit to Berlin, Count Kalnoky's visit to Friedrichsruhe, Emperor William's visits to Monza and Constantinople, and, finally, the conference between Emperor William and Emperor Francis Joseph, at Innsbruck, have been successive stages of a continuous policy leading toward a settlement. The Bismarck scheme restores Russin's dom-inance in Bulgaria, Russia in return recognizing as definite Austria's possession of Bosnia and Herzgovina. Since this proposal was communicated to Premier Crispi, the latter has intimated to Prince Bismarc's that the sanction of Italy might depend upon the cossion of Trentino by Aus'ria. When Count Kalnoky left Friedrichsruhe nothing was settled. The Austrian Minister held that the sacrifice of Trentino was impossible. He considered the posses-sion of Bosnia as already definitive, as it could only be abandoned after a crushing defeat. The Innsbruck interview brought the negotiations TO A CLIMAX.

Emperor Francis Joseph consented to leave Prince Ferdinand to his fate, He said he would not oppose a Russian candicate, provided he was elected under the conditions of the Berlin treaty. He practically accorded the Caar a free hand in Bu'garia, short of Russian occupation. He declined to consider the question of Trentino. Count Herbert Bismarck went to Potsdam, to-night to learn the details of the interview from

The Porte is ready as soon as it learns that Austria and Russia have accepted Prince Bismarck's mediation to send a, circular letter to the signatory powers demouncing the illegality of the present Gove coment of Bul-

Signor Crispi, the Italian, Premier, is expected here next week. The press demand Trentino as the price of It sty's adhesion. MUST RAISE THE, CURTAIN.

Prince Bismarck's re-entree into the Reichstag, it is reported, would be post-poned until he is able to raise the curtain or disclose the situation. The Foreign Office is entirely sanguine t aut the Chancellor will soon be in a positio a to describe the success of his diplomacy, and pay a tribute to the wisdom and energy of the Kaiser. Count Kalnoky submit! ed to Prince Bismarck with

A singular e gpression of discontent appears in the I esther Lloyd, the recognized organ of both the Vienna foreign office and the Hungar on ministry.

t says, n ay prove worse than an enforced T ac article concludes with the hope that th & German policy will not turn out a Mach' avellian policy, and that issue of the imperial meeting at Innsbruck will simply give renewed sanction to the status que SOUGHT GOOD ADVICE.

Before going to Innsbruck Emperor Franeis Joseph, atter consulting with Count Kalnoky, took the advice of the veteran statesman, Count Andrassy. The Emperor went to Andrassy's house and conferred with him for two hours.

If Kalnoky keeps faith with Bismarck

the attitude of the Vienca Cabinet toward Bulgaria must change. The divergence be-tween the Berlin and Vienna policies has recently become marked. The Bulgarian agent at Vienna has been

The Lander Bank has negotiated the new Bulgarian loan, and the Austrian Consul at Sofia is the confident and adviser of Prince The German Consul did not even saluta

Ferdinand on meeting him in the street and completely ignores him as the head of the The explosion of the Pesther Lloyd prob-

ably relieves the Austrian official feeling without having significance. Count Herbert Bismarck's refraining from visiting Count Taafe when passing through Vienna is severely commented on in official circles. YOUNG BISMARCK IS OSTENTATIOUS.

Nothing justifies Count Herbert's ostenta-tious ignoring of Count Taafe while showing cordiality to Premier Tizsa at Pesth, and easting with high personages at Vienna. This slight gave origin to a report that Count Tanfe had resigned. In an interview to-day Count Taufe said:

'Young Bismarck's conduct does not affect me. It is rather a triumph for me, showing that my policy is purely national, seeking to strengthen Austria without ex-

The commission of the Reichstag appointed to consider the anti-Socialist has affirmed the general principle of that measure to the effect that special legislation 18 necessary to repress the Socialists, Out of 28 members 17, comprising 8 Nationalists, 6 Conservatives, and 3 Free Conservatives, support the prin-ciple of the bill, but desire to modify its provisions, 2 desire to modify it, and 2 Progressists reject it. There will be a long fight before the commission reports. On the Reichsbank the usual majority is divided. The Conservatives and a fraction of the Progressists oppose the renewal of the privileges of the institution, unless the State more actively intervenes in its operations. The Nationalists and Centerists support the project as pre-

sented, and it will be passed. The Progressists, with a view to an electoral programme, have tabled a motion for an inquiry into the railway tariff in order to

effect a reduction of rates.
It is reported that Herr Von Boetticher, Minister of the Interior, on his return from Fredrichsruhe brought instructions to the authorities to proceed with the preparation of the electoral lists, which ought to be published four weeks previous to the voting. The anti-Semitics are carrying on their electoral agitation with energy. They an-nounce five candidates in Berlin, tour in Leipsic and nine in Bavaris.

MAY LEAD TO A CRISIS. The Clericals in the Bayarian Landing have carried by a majority of three a mo-tion to abolish the royal power of control of to lead to a Cabinet crisis, Minister Luiz maintaining that the motion alters the con stitution and that the Landtag had gone be-

wond its nowers. Fifteen deaths were caused by the explo sion in the powder works at Hanan. The foot and mouth disease is spreading in Brandenburg and Silesia in spite of se-verest measures to suppress it. The im-ports of ozen from America are rapidly increasing, resulting in a reduction of the prices of meat.

Under the Presidency of Minister Phelps the Americans in Berlin will celebrate Thanksgiving Day with a dinner, followed pert and ball in the rooms of the United States Legation.

mother at Coblens early in December Thence he will visit Darmstadt. The Hungarian artist, Koppay, is painting a picture of Prince Bismarck and his son, Count Herbert. The Chancellor in his home dress, wearing a plain coat, leans with his left hand on a chair, extending his right to Count Herbert. Both faces show

admirable character portraiture.

# MRS. PARNELL'S POVERTY.

She is Compelled to Ask Her Friends for Assistance-Broken Down by Privations and Law Saits-

Help Tendered. BORDENTOWN, N. J., November 16 .-Mrs. Delia Stewart Parnell, mother of Charles Stewart Parnell, is in an almost starving condition at Ironsides, the estate of the late Commodore Stewart. She is alone and nearly penniless, living in the old dismantled house, and it is said she has been compelled to sell her dresses and jewelry to buy food. She has no close acquaintances in Bordentown, and is seldom seen outside her house. Her nearest intl-mate friends are the Carslakes, who live in Trenton. They are also poor, but were unaware of Mrs. Parnell's condition till the old lady's pride was broken by privation, and she wrote to Mrs. Carislake urging her to come to Ironsides at once. In Mrs. Par-nell's letter to Mrs. Carlslake she said:

I have to go to Philadelphia very soon, as I suppose I shall be forced to be there often in all weather by me astrous attacks in the shape of law suits in recurn for having loaded their originators with benefits. It is the first time in my life that I have met with such hideous ingratifude, and I suppose such an extreme is gratitude, a ad I suspect such an extreme is are and only practiced by anomalies of human

This refers to the suit brought against her by Mr. Fadward Stewart. He is a distant Years ago he gave \$32,000 to use in the invest nent she was making at that time, but the investment turned out badly, and Mr. 'Ars. Parnell's. At great personal sacrifices she repaid \$28,000 of the amount, and he is suing for the rest. Mrs. Carslake obeyed the summons to Ironsides, and was amazed and distressed at the old lady's condition. Iron-sides, the last remnant inherited from her father, is heavily mortgaged, and taxes amounting to \$323 are unpaid, and if not settled by December 1 the property will be sold, leaving her without a roof to shelter

In addition to this, to pay the expense of the law suit, she has been obliged to sacrifice everything, and now lives in one room, the kitenen, of the former mausion. She claims to have discovered papers that would help her son in the case against him, but cannot take them to him owing to her poverty. She will not appeal to him for help nor could she well do so, as Mr. Paruell is almost as poor as his

Dr. Mozart Jenkins, of Trenton, was called to the residence of Mrs. Parnell today for the purpose of treating that lady, He said he found her verging on complete relapse. She is suffering from congestion of brain and heart. When he called she was about to dine on vegetables, without either

bread or coffee.

Mr. Unger, of Philadelphia, wants to urchase the mortgage for the relief of Mrs. Parnell if he could be assured of the payment of 1 per cent interest on his investment. Scaulon, the actor, will arrange a benefit performance for Mrs. Parnell. In the meantime he has sent her the money needed to pay the taxes on Ironsides.

#### TIRED OF PROHIBITION.

Senator Ingalls' Seat in Danger Because He Doesn't Favor Resubmission.

TOPEKA, November 16.-Senator Ingalls will not succeed himself in the Senate with-out a hard fight. The Legislature raguan Commissioners start for Managua to will not succeed himself in the Senate withwhich will choose his successor will be elected in a year from now and the Republican majority will be by no and the Republican ma means so overwhelming as it has been heretofore judging from present indications, and Senator 'Ingalls' seat in the Senate may be said to be in da The thing that complicated situation so far as Ingalls is concerned is the growing sentiment in favor of resubmitting the prohibition question to a vote of the people, with the end in view of repealing the law. On this question the battle in Kansas will be fought next year. Senator Ingalls had already declared himself on the question. He said only

to-day: Resubmission is all nonsense. The people in twant it. They've got what they want, cohibition. If the question were submitted a vote it would carry by more than the

famous 82,000 majority. It may seem nonsense to the Senator, but it is a dead earnest question to many of the Republicans in the State, and one of the strongest opponents of Senator Ingalls be Judge J. C. Foster, Judge of the United that he has sent in his resignation to join in the resubmission crusade and contest Mr. Ingalls'seat. He is very popular in Kansas, and being a speaker of unusual eloquence, he will make a strong canvass. Senator Ingalls is here now, conferring with his political friends and mapping out

### WON'T COMMIT THEMSELVES.

Mormon Elders Refuse to Answer

Very Important Questions. SALT LAKE, UTAH, November 16 .- In the Mormon oath cases to-day, in court, Wilford Woodruff's prayer at the dedication of St. George Temple, denouncing the United struction, was introduced, also Orson Pratt's sermon declaring the kingdom of God the only legal Government on earth, and all others unauthorized, was introduced, and the case was rested. The defense introduced Apostle John Henry Smith, who swore no disloyal oaths had been administered. The injunction to avenge the blood of the prophets was general, and did not apply to Joseph and Hiram Smith more

than to others.

When pressed on throat-cutting and disemboweling penalties, he refused to answer. When he claimed obedience to the laws, he was asked it he had obeyed the law against olygamy. He declined to answer. Elder Clark, also for the defense, did not remember anything bad in the endowment oaths or

### WORK OF THE K. OF L. ASSEMBLY.

Matters of Moment to Come Up.

ATLANTA, November 16 .- To-day, before the Knights of Labor, two subjects come up. A statement of the condition of the mileage fund was made, showing that a year ago the fund was overdrawn \$8,000; that sum has now been paid back, and there is \$14,000 to the credit of that fund.

The educational fund, raised a year ago by 15 cent subscriptions from the Knights, has been spent. Plans for raising more for the same purpose were discussed, but nothing definite was done. Next week matters of moment to the order will be discussed.

### TROUBLE AHEAD FOR SPORTS.

Preparing for the Trial of the Participants in the Richburg Fight.

PURVIS, MISS., November 16 .- The sheriff and his deputies are busy summoning witnesses for the next term of court, when the remainder of the prize fight cases will be tried. There are 60 cases on the criminal docket, 10 of which are for aiding and abet-ting the prize fight at Richburg.

STARKEVILLE, MISS., November 15 .-The large two-story dining hall of the A. and M. College burned to-day. Loss, \$5,000. This is the fourth fire at the college since Emperor William will visit his grand- the opening of the present session.

## HONESTY IN POLITICS.

Refreshing Revelation Reported From New York-Judge Maynard Refuses to be Counted Into the Assembly on a Technicality-

His Dignified Letter. PERCIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATOR 1 MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., November 16 .-A contested election case of uncommon in-State Assembly for determination in con-nection with the casting of a lot of illegal Republican ballots in Delaware county, were it not for the abhorrence with which only 37.

conformance in the official count with the

strict letter of the law.

SAN JUAN DEL NORTE NICARAGUA October 28 .- The week that has just passed has been the most eventful one in the history of the Nicaragua canal. On Tuesday the formal turning over of the first sod took place. On Wednesday the inspection of canal works was continued. On Friday the Nicaraguan Government Commission reached San Juan Del Norte with intention of inspecting the work done by the Nicaragua Canal Company since June 3 last, when the construction corps first planted their tent poles on these shores. The American engineers will lay siege to the rock and make a cut three miles long, which will sever the backbone of the New World, and eventually connect

the Atlantic with the Pacific Ocean.

As a result of the advent of the American engineers there have been established here a number of enterprises, including the Bank of Nicaragua (English), the American Bank of Hoadley, In-galls & Co., and the Nicaragua Mail, Steam and Transportation Company. An ice manufacturing company has been formed. An electric light company is talked of. There are no loud dance-houses ere, no flash bars, no gambling dens or other haunts of vice as a result of the com-

Two Telegraph Operators Work a Sure

SEPECIAL TELEGRAN TO THE DISPATCH. to two men, whose names she did not learn The rooms were unfurnished, and all of St. George Temple, denouncing the United nobody seems to know. When the messages States Government and prophesying its dehad been read the switch was turned and the

early news from the races, and so beat the chased from J. H. Bunnell, 108 Liberty street, and were addressed to Frank Murray. No arrests have been made.

### CONFISCATED JESUIT PROPERTY.

Incorporating the Fraternity. OTTAWA, ONT., November 16 .- The anti-Jesuit agitation promises to be prolonged. It transpires that Premier Mercier, Quebec, had an ulterior motive in view when he incorporated the Jesuits and paid them indemnity for the surrender of all purposes taking action against the Dominion Government for the recovery of the Champ De Mars, or military parade ground. in Montreal. This property was included in the confiscated Jesuit property, and in-stead of being applied to educational pur-poses was reserved for the use of imperial passed into the bands of the Dominion Gov.

ernment. Mr. Mercler claims the Jesuits have ceded all their claims to the Quebec Gov ernment by the recent settlement, and believes that the courts will restore the property to the province of Quebec.

### KILLED WHILE HUNTING.

Fate of a Small Boy Who West On Shooting.

Kerruish, 14 years of age, and son of W. S. Kerruish, one of the most prominent attorneys of this city, was accident-ally killed while hunting to-day. He was sitting on a rail fence eating an apple when his gun was discharged, tearing away his jaw and mangling his head in

ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATOR.
SCOTTDALE, November 16.—John Faulk, employed at the summit mines of the H. C. Frick Coke Company, was badly injured while at work drawing pillars to-day.
was taken to his home and medical aid cured, but his recovery is doubtful, as it feared that he is injured internally.

Its Identification is the First Gun Fired in the Cronin Defense.

terest might have been carried into the next | A Witness Who Served Ten Years for Being a Fenian.

Democrats regard elections by returning boards. The respective candidates for the Assembly in Delaware county, which constitutes an Assembly district, were Judge Isaac H. Maynard, late Assistant Secretary of State under the Democratic administration at Washington, and James B. llantice, a Re-publican politician of local note. The contest was one of the most spirited ever had in the county, and while the Republican candidate for Secretary of State, carried the county by 1,197 majority over his Democratic opponent, the majority for Ballantine over Maynard for Assembly, was

While the Republicans of Delaware were still shaking in their boots over the narrow margin by which they had escaped defeat in the Assembly contest, the surprising dis-covery was made that 105 ballots cast for James Ballantine in one of the Sidney districts were illegal, inasmuch as they were printed on calendered paper, with green ink. The act passed in 1880, "to secure uniform ballots and preserve the purity of elections," expressly provides that they must be printed with black ink, on soft, white paper. The throwing out of these illegal ballots would give Judge Maynard the certificate of election by 68 majority, and great was the perturba-tion lest the Democrats should insist upon

But when the Board of County Canvassers met to ascertain and declare the result of the election, they were notified by Judge Mayoard, in a dignified and straightforward communication, that while the ballots in question were clearly illegal, under no cirumstance would he accept a certificate of election unless it clearly appeared that he had a plurality of the votes cast for the

"If that fact does not appear," he adds, "without the rejection of these ballots, the certificate of election must be given to some other candidate than myself, or the office will become vacant. The Democratic way of obtaining an elective office is by popular vote and not by returning board methods."

## FROM OCEAN TO OCCAN.

Bright Ontlook for the Speedy Completion of the Nicaraguan Canal-A Number of New Enterprises Started-A Very Pleasant

State of Affairs.

and Costa Rica.

# HAD AN AIR-TIGHT CINCH.

Thing on the Ruces. NEW YORK, November 16 .- Late this afternoon Detective Connor and Officer States Circuit Court, this place. He is a Republican, and he announces this evening found 30 battery cells and a complete telefound 30 battery cells and a complete telegraph outfit in a three-story room of 115 Chrystie street, and took the complete outfit to the station house. The woman who owns the house rented the room on Saturday strangers had with them was a barrel two chairs, and a table. They spent a great deal of time in their room, and the landlady's suspicions were aroused. She informed the police, and upon examination it was found that the men were evidently expert telegraph operators. They had set up their batteries, arranged the table with grounding peg and sounder, then run the wires out the window and tapped the West-ern Union wires. What their object was

message was sent on its way,

The police think that the wires were tapped in order that the men might secure

The Premier Had an Ulterior Object in

CLEVELAND, November 16 .- John F

## DINAN'S WHITE HORSE

TWO POLICEMEN ON THE STAND.

NEW YORK, November 16 .- On Septem ber 30, last, Dr. James P. Campbell, of 220 Sixth avenue, having secured over 1,000 signatures of English and American women to a petition asking Queen Victoria to pardon Mrs. Maybrick, sent this letter to the Princess of Wales:

HIS LIFE SENTENCE WAS COMMUTED.

The prosecution in the Cronin case was concluded yesterday by the examination of a witness who had served ten years in prison in the old country for being a fenian. The defense fired their opening gun in an attempt to break down the testimony regarding the identification of Dinan's white horse.

CHICAGO, November 16.—The defense fired its first gun to-day by putting ex-Captain Schaack and Police Lieutenant Koch on the stand to impeach Mrs. Conklin's story about her final identification of Dinan's samous white horse. The Burgomaster seemed to feel uncomfortable in the novel role of witness for the defense, and he delivered his replies to Mr. Forrest's questions in a short, jerky way that made big Dan Coughlin grow red with anger. The Captain admitjerky way that made big Dan Coughlia grow red with anger. The Captain admitted that he took the white horse from Dinan's. It was raining and the rain increased in volume every moment until he returned the horse to the barn. Schsack repeated the horse to the barn. Schsack repeated the received this reply to-day: such portions of his conversation with Mrs. Conklin as he could remember, but there was nothing of any significance in them except that the lady declared that Dinan's horse was not the one that she saw on the night of May 4. After he returned to the station Schaack met Coughlin and told him

A LUCKY MAN. "Why?" the big detective asked. "Be-cause," replied Schnack, "Mrs. Conklin did not identify Dinan's horse." Forrest wanted to go into the details of a conversation between Schaack and Dinan relative to the man who drove the horse away, but as the Captain had forgotten his notebook, the attorney decided to postpone further examination until the witness could

roduce it in court. Lieutenant C. G. Koch, of the old Lakeview station, was a tartar for Mr. Forrest. It was he who drove the horse the night Mrs. Conklin saw it the second time. He was sure that the horse's appearance had been radically changed by its exposure to the rain; also that Mrs. Conklin had not been given a fair chance to view it from her noticed a suspicious-looking character with

position in the bay window.
"Didn't you tell me," Forrest asked in considerable heat, "that the horse's appearance had not been changed by the rain?"
"No, sir; I told you the wet made it look differently," was the prompt answer. That released the witness from further ques-

tioning. A REPORTER ON THE STAND. The first witness called was James Clancy, orrespondent of the New York Herald, who testified on behalf of the prosecution. He said that he was sent here by the Hérald in May to investigate the Cronin case. He called at O'Sullivan's house on the morning of the day that Cronin's body was discovered, but before the discovery had been made. He talked with O'Sullivan, who ex-

pressed a belief that Dr. Crouin would turn

up all right, as he (O'Sullivan) didn't be-lieve he was murdered. He then continued is testimony as follows: "I called late in the evening of the same day, after hearing that the body had been found. I asked O'Sullivan if he had heard the news; he said 'No.' Then there was a heard while I was down town that a body was discovered in the lake this morning, but it has been identi-fied.' We were both standing at this time. I said: 'I heard nothing about that.' I paused and then said: 'Mr. O'Sullivan, the body of Dr. Cronin has been found.' He turned pale and said: 'What! the body of Dr. Cronin found? Is it true?' I said: course, I don't know for certain; I heard it was discovered in the catch-basin and is lying in the police station about a mile from here. I have a cab at the door:

will you accompany me and identify the body at the morgue?' A STRANGE RELUCTANCE, "He shook, and sank into the chair and said: 'No; I could not go-I could not identify him; it would be useless for me to go.' I said: 'Mr. O'Sullivan, you told me this morning you knew Dr. Cronin very well. It is only a short distance. Come along and identify the body. It may not be Dr. Cronin's body; let us make sure.' He said: 'No; I could not go; if I met him in the street I might know him, but I could not identify his body.' I said: 'That is strange.' I urged him again, and he made o effort to move out of his chair, into which

he had sunk when I first broke the news to Mr. Clanev's cross-examination was of a sensational nature. He admitted that he was in prison in 1868, having been arrested for complicity in the Fenian conspiracy He spent ten years in prison. He told this

story of his arrest and confinement: HE WAS AN INSURRECTIONIST. "I joined the Irish Republican Brother hood in England, in 1862 I think it was. 1 was rather active in propagating the princ ples of the Irish Republican Brotherhood in London, and subsequently in the army. In 1866, I received notice from James tephens, who was then at the head of the organization, to leave the army and come on with what men I could, go to Ireland and take part in a projected insurrection. My instructions were to go to Lordon and wait for further orders. I went to London and received orders there to wait still longer. Finally I was informed that the

gives up his fortune in an attempt to pre-serve the honor of the family. These two ising would not take place. "I again entered into journalism and re-The most important development this week in the great Carmichael formained there until I was arrested, in 1868, as a Fenian. Two policemen effected my arrest; and we had a tussel and I shot at them, and that formed the groundwork of the accusation against me, and upon that I was tried and convicted at the Old Bailey in London in 1868. I was sentenced to penal servitude for life."

ing this afternoon of the directors of the

Tradesmen's Bank of Conshohocken, which

was nearly wrecked by the defalcation of

The sentence was afterward reduced to 14 years and Clancy got four years off for good On Monday the men who have the most intimate knowledge of the affair began to fear that John would be forced to the wall. A POPULAR GOVERNOR. His assignment was brought about directly by Daniel Carmichael, who is a forger for His Inauguration Hailed With Enthusiasm

gery

#### t \$200,000, as far as known, about one by the Mexicans. half of which is on his brother. CITY OF MEXICO, November 16 .- Presi-

dent Diaz has abandoned his trip to Morelia BURGLARS IN M'KEESPORT. to witness the inauguration of the Governor of Michoacan owing to the death of General Rapacious Rebbers. Corona. Senor Barcena, who succeeds General Corona as Governor of Jalisco, is accepted by the people with enthusiasm. His A very clean piece of burglary was don in McKeesport late last Friday evening, the opularity is unbounded, and he is noted scene of operations being the residence of

or his integrity.

The Official Gazette publishes terms of a concession for a railroad from Matamoras to John Jiles, on Seventh avenue. The house was broken into, and everything in it but heavy articles, such as turniture, was removed. All of the clothing of every Tuxpan and thence to the Tehauntepec Railroad and to some as not yet given point in Yucatan, with branches from Tuxpan to the Guatemalan frontier to this city. member of the family was taken. It was a clean sweep, and was made while the family were at Coultersville, where they were called at the time by the death of the mother of Mr. The Consholocken Bank to Reopen. NORRISTOWN, November 16 .- At a meet The house of John Teemer, the oarsman

Cashier Cresson, it was decided to reopen the bank ou Wednesday next. An 1812 Veteran Aged 100. TERRE HAUTE, November 16. - John Dawson celebrated the 100th anniversary of his birth yesterday, entertaining a large number of aged guests. He was born in Virginia and served in the war of 1812. NATCHEZ, MISS., November 16 .- A negro incendiary was taken from the jail at Vidalia, La., last night and hanged.

NO LACK OF WORK

The Princess of Wales Refuses to Intercede The Treasury Department Officials to Have a Number of Cases

SIMILAR TO THE JEANNETTE ONES.

Hundreds of Canadians Daily Come to Work

in the United States.

NEW QUESTIONS THAT DAILY ARISE.

Campbell received this reply to-day:

Marlborough House,
Pall Mall, S. W.,
28th October, 1889.

Sir—I am directed to acknowledge the receipt of a letter you have addressed to the Princess of Wales, praying Her Royal Highness to present to Her Majesty, the Queen, a petition signed by over 1,000 women in the United States of America, asking for the pardon of Mrs. Florenge Maybrick. In reply, I have to inform you that the Princess of Wales is unable to comply with your request, as Her Royal Highness cannot in any way interfere with the course of justice in this country.

I remain, sir, your obedient servant,
S. DE A. C. CLARKE, Colonel,
Private Secretary, A Dying Outlaw Denies That He is Rabe BIRMINGHAM, November 16 .- A man that he was Rube Burrows, the train robber, was shot and killed in Marshall county, 80 miles north of here this morning Dr. A. Scott, a resident of that locality, did the killing. For several days Dr. Scott has

about his house. He reported the matter to the Sheriff, who gave him a repeating rifle and instructed him to capture the man or kill him if necessary. This morning Scott decisions were in harmony, and that citizens located the mysterious outlaw, and with a of Canada would not be allowed to come under agreement to work in the United States. Almost daily some new question ordered him to surrender, he opened fire on the doctor's party. Several shots were exthe changed, and the outlaw fell with a bullet through his neck. He lived but a few morning if international disputes arise on account of them.

Rube Burrows, but you are wrong; my name is Smith."

No scrap of paper or other article by which he could be identified was found on the body of the dead outlaw. Several DREW THE LINE AT SPITTOONS. An Ex-Congressman Refuses to Do the Work of no Assistant Janitor. WASHINGTON, November 16 .- Early in locality whose name was Smith, and he may be the man killed. The dead outlaw word the first year of the Cleveland administraaround his body a rudely constructed cont tion ex-Congressman McEwen, of South of mail which a bullet would not penetrate. Dr. Scott, who killed the man, and others

Carolina, applied for a position and secured a clerkship at a small salary in the Treasury Department. Soon after the advent of Secretary Windom the ex-Congressman was reduced to the position of laborer in one of the bureaus. A few days ago a vacancy occurred in the position of "messenger" in another bureau and the ex-Congressman, preferring to be classed as a messenger rather than as a laborer, though the salary was the same, requested to be transferred. His prayer was granted. When he presented himself to the head of the bureau he was while. About 7:30 o'clock Peter Madden, a told that the principal part of his duty well-known young man of that locality, was would be to take care of the water pitchers and waste jars, and clean the cuspidors The ex-Congressman decided that it was about time for him to resign, and he did so forthwith, and will probably stand for the

Congressional nomination in his district sition in the bureau referred to was no ess than a scion of one of the most ancient of the first families of the Old Dominion, as indicated by his name, Beverly Tucker.
Mr. Tucker, though bearing so noble a
name, was less proud, or even more "hard
up" than the statesman from South Carolina, and, as soon as he was promised the appointment, went at the spittoons as though he had been used to it all his life. Mr. Beverly Tucker is of African descent, and is quite as affable and obliging as his great

#### the while making it pleasant for them by threatening to tear them apart. Madden ran down an alley toward the Exposition THE BEST IN THE WORLD. and jumped over the embankment and Things looked decidedly squally Foreign Delegates Delighted With the Work

of Our Naval Academy. WASHINGTON, November 16 .- The delegates to the International American Congress and to the International Marine Conference visited the United States Naval Academy at Annapolis to-day. Secretaries Blaine and Tracy were of the party. The There are two brothers in this city, one of delegates from Europe especially were much pleased with what was shown them, and they sums, and the other is a noble man. One unite in an expression of the opinion that swindles his best friends, the other the academy was superior to the naval acad-

emy of any other nation.

All of them were deeply interested in the methods of matruction as shown in the navi-gation building, where, by large models of vessels, the cadets are made familiar with handling sails and ropes, and the mysteries of the movements and effects of winds in the draughting room, the pattern shops, the engine room and machineshop, and the electrical laboratory—in all of which are evi dences of the boys' handicraft. The party forger, transferred to him the Forest paper | took their departure at 3 P. M. The day was perfect, and the occasion thoroughly joyed by everyone.

### POINTERS FOR WANAMAKER.

Workings of the Postal Savings Bank System in Other Countries. WASHINGTON, November 16. - Mr.

Horace J. Smith, of Germantown, Philadelphia, Pa., who has examined the workings of the postal savings bank system during a three years' residence abroad in Great Britain (where it has been in success-iul operation for the last 25 years), Bel-gium, Australia and Italy, had a confer-ence with Postmaster General Wanamaker to-day on the subject of introducing a form of this system into the United States.

He suggested to Mr. Wanamaker a plan providing, first, for the preparation by the fovernment of a "postage stamp savings ard;" second, for the refunding of the face value of undefaced postage stamps attached to said cards on their presentation in the postoffice.

FOR a disordered liver try Beecham's Pills. PRARS' Soup the purest and best ever made To have your umbrella re-covered when you can buy a gloris silk, with gold cap, at Thornton Bros.', 128 Federal st., Allegheny?

Order Your Crayens for Xmns Now at Aufrecht's Elite Gallery, 516 Ma

## A KEY WEST KICK.

Residents of the Island Send a Protest to Secretary Blaine Against the Actions of the Spanish Consul There-Wby They are Com-

plaining. KEY WEST, FLA., November 16 .- The report of the committee appointed to investigate the alleged interferences of the Spanish Consul with the Cubans domiciled here, has been mailed to Verner Fleming for official transmission to Secretary Blaine, and was made public by the Board of Trade

NEW QUESTIONS THAT DAILY ARISE.

As Rt-Congressman Refuses to Clean Guspidswin to Bepartments.

The Treasury Department will have a number of cases similar to those of the Jeanuette glass workers to act upon. A number of bookkeepers, mechanics and clerks living in Windsor, Canada, and employed in Detroit, are complained of as working for less wages than United States to the clean out cuspidors in the departments.

WASHINGTON, November 16.—It is evident the Treasury Department will not lack for cases in the same category as those of the Jeanuette glassworkers. Not only from the Mexican and Canadian borders, come complaints of persons living across the line who come daily into the United States to work. A statement was received to-day from Mr. H. A. Moore, Impector of funnigration at Detroit, in which it is shown that upward of 6000 clerks, bookkeepers, mechanics and common laborers come from Windsor, Canada, and and Canadian borders, come complaints of persons living across the line who come daily into the United States to work. A statement was received to-day from Mr. H. A. Moore, Impector of Humigration at Detroit, in which it is shown that upward of 6000 clerks, bookkeepers, mechanics and common laborers come from Windsor, Canada, by end of the departments.

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The inspector had the ferry boats understructure that the state of the common laborers come from Windsor, Canada, by the common la

#### MRS. HAMILTON GETTING GOOD. She Reads Her Bible Regularly and in

Learning to Sew. (SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.) TRENTON. November 16 .- Mrs. Evangeline Hamilton has retained ex-Judge William T. Hoffman to defend her in the New York courts when the suit for divorce entered by her husband comes to trial. Judge Hoffman is now examining the evidence taken in the trial at May's Landing, with the view of finding defects sufficient to have the case reoperated Man Hamilton is now at work in the way foolish. His father died when he was but 16 months old, and for three years. defects sufficient to have the case reopened. Mrs. Hamilton is now at work in
the State prison. She sews buttons on the
convicts' shirts, and is beginning to thrive
on the diet of the prison. She makes a poor
needlewoman and sewer, having been several days in her cell before she took her
place with 35 other female convicts. Her
fingers are pricked on the ends because of
her inexperience in handling the needle.

Mrs. Hamilton is now of a 1 ligious turn
of mind, and frequently reads the Bible. of mind, and frequently reads the Bible. The other day she made up a bouquet from the window plants in the matron's room, and asked that it be sent to Baby Bea-

TWO MEN INJURED.

The West Penn Hospital Ambalance Busy Last Night The West Penn Hospital ambulance was called out about 11 o'clock last night and picked up two men. One of them was sylvania Railroad who was caught between two cars at Twenty-eighth street and had his left arm broken, besides receiving a lacerated scalp wound. His home is at Johnstown. The other man is not known. He fell off a beer wagon at Eleventh street

and was cut about the face and John McFarland, an employe of the John McFarland, an employe of the Pittsburg and Lake Erie Railroad was sent to the hospital about midnight, having been caught between two cars when he had his hand mashed. His home is in Tyrone, Pa.

An Anniversary Celebrati The East Liberty branch of the Y. M. C. A. will celebrate its fifteenth anniversary to night at the East Liberty Preabyterias Church. Addresses will be made by Rev. DeWitt M. Benham and James T. Buch-

ALWAYS CROWDED Cause of Its 14 pounds granulated sugar......

pound..... 1 gallon golden drip syrup...... 1 gallon new erop Orleans molasses. 45
1 gallon pure maple syrup. 100
8 pounds large lump starch. 25
12 boxes Bartiett's bag blue. 25 4 pounds large French prunes.....
6 pounds new Turkey prunes..... pounds California rais pounds new currants...... 5 pounds Carolina rice..... 1 dozen parlor matches (200's) ..... Fine French peas per can.

2 pound canister Thompson pure baking powder.

8 pounds Butier county buckwheat. 

Wholesule and retail.

They Came too Late, But not for us at the price we secured them. 500 stockinette jackets were rejected last week by a well-known Pittsburg firm, having arrived later than contract date. They were turned over to us at a slaughter for spot cash, and Mooday morning they go at one-half regular prices; \$1.98 for stockinets, bound with silk braid, and up. Think of it; \$5.00 quality for \$2.50; \$8.00 quality for \$4.00, is the way we cut mrices. THORNTON BRIGS., 128 Federal street, Allegheny, Pa.

OH! MARA-Buy your infants' cloaks, lips, etc., this week at reduced prices. Busy Bes Hive, Sixth and Liberty.

## TREATED LIKE A DOG.

A Terrible Tale of a Sister's Brutalitv. All the Way From Maine.

HER BROTHER FOUND IN A DOG PEN

Relations Say She Used to Harness Him Up to a Heavy Farm Cart.

OTHER STORIES OF INBUMAN CRUELTY. Suit Brought Against the Unwomanty Woman for

\$2,000 Dimages. Mary E. Niehola is on trial in Waterville, Me., for treating her brother like a dog. She is charged with confining the man, who is a little light headed, in a dog pen, and of harnessing him to a cart like a dog or mule, and having him driven about the field. Other acts of as great brutality

are charged, for all of which the man asks

only \$3,000 damages. SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATOR. WATERVILLE, Mr., November 16 .- The upreme Court room in this city was well filled this morning at the opening of the case of Nichols versus Nichols. This was a suit for \$2,000 damages for alleged assault and battery and imprisonment in a dog pen. The plaintiff is Delbert Nichols and the defeudant is Mary E. Nichols, his sister, both

of this city. Some time during July Delbert Nichols was missing, and after a search of nearly a day he was found in a dog pen, with door closed and secured from the outside. Some of Nichols' friends took him to live with them, and now he is endeavoring to obtain autisfaction for tortures which he claims he has been compelled to suffer. Nichola is a little light-headed, and is therefore looked upon with considerable pity by the public

CHARGES OF GREAT CRUELTY. CHARGES OF GREAT CRUELTY.

In his opening argument for the plaintiff Lawyer Phillbrick very clearly stated what he was to prove for his client. He was to show how the plaintiff had been beaten and punished by the defendant, and how he had been securely fastened in a dog pen, and instermore, how he had been generally treated more like a brute than a human being. Mrs. Clarinda Wood, an aunt of the plaintiff, was the first witness called for the prosecution. She testified to the fact that she had seen plaintiff harnessed to a cart containing dressing, which he was hauling about the farm, while a man was driving him, just as one would drive a yoke of ozen. him, just as one would drive a yoke of ozen.
He remembered the discovery of Delbert
Nichols fastened in the dog pen, and testified that he had lived at her house since that time. The plaintiff had quite a large ridge across his shoulders, the result of a blow with a stick, also a scar running crossways

with a stice, also a scar running crossways of his wrist.

Horace Wood testified to finding Delbert Nichols last July, securely fastened in a dog pen 4 by 5 feet in size. He opened the door, and when he asked Delbert why he was there, Delbert said: "Don't kill me!"
This so overcame him that he did not touch him are a size of the first time the first time. him again, only to carry him to the City Marshal's carriage.

MORE OF THE SAME.

Ariel Southard, an uncle of the plaintiff, testified very nearly as Wood did. Mrs. Julia White testified to being present at the Nichols house one time last spring, when Mary Nichols beat Delbert Nichols with the handle of a broom because he would not come into the house to gut a pail of water for

or more the witness cared for him. He was then as other children, and after that time he changed. He does not set foolish now. He acts more like a drunken man.

Harry Simpson, aged 11, saw Mary Nichols strike Delbert with a lathe, my hard, because he would not hold the plate for the dog to eat off of.

David Simpson, Jr., aged 16, mid he saw Mary Nichols beat Delbert with a stick about the size of a fence picket, three ar four times in succession across the back, and four times in succession across the back, and also strike him with a switch in the face

fully three times very hard. Bert Southurd testified to finding the plaintiff in the dog At this point Court adjourned to Monday. when the case will be continued. Some in-teresting testimony is looked for when court reconvenes, as both the plaintiff and defen-dant will be on the stand.



sylvania, West Virginia and Ohso, rain, warmer, variable winds, becom-

Trace. Eiver at 5:20 P. M., 8.5 feet, a change of 2.7 in M.

His Version of the Matter.

MR. WALTER'S TROUBLE

Of the hundreds of patients cured by the physicians of the Polypathic Medical Institute during the past six months, perhaps none have experienced more intense suffering than has Mr. Henry Walter. The coming than has Mr. Heary Walter. The complication of aches and pains resulting from rheumatism, associated with a severactronic cough, caused him untold misery. Speaking of his trouble one day, he said: "A catarrhal secretion of mucus often dropped down from my head into my throat. A hard, dry cough so affected my lungs that my hreath became very short. I had a tired feeling, and as I grew weaker my stomach became involved. My food would sour on my stomach, and I had sour, bitter crueations of ma. I had pain over my syca, and my stomach, and I had sour, bitter cruciations of gas. I had pain over my eyes, and often felt dismy. My hands and leet were continually cold, and I was also afflicted with rheumatism. I would have sharp pains in my side and back, and I would sometimes have such a numb, dead feeling. My disease gradually grew worse. One day I happened to read in the papers an account of a person who had been cured by the physicians of the Polypathic I was tured for a disease similar to my own. I therefore placed myself under their care, and became entirely cured."

Mr. Walter is a well-known gentleman, and his address will be furnished anyone by calling at the Institute, 430 Penn syenie.

The physicians in charge treat successions.

The physicians in charge treat suc-illy all forms of kidney and urinary sex. Also chronic diseases, Inclu-

are not known to the general practice, the ladies can themselves use the treatments.

Office hours, 10 A. N. to 4 P. M., and 6 to 8 P. M. Sundays, 1 to 4 P. M. Couraltenties from Treatment also by secrees.